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Statistical Methods

LECTURE-14

BSc (AG) 2nd Year , IIIrd Sem. Statistical Methods AES-213



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Outline of Lecture

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- > Measure of Dispersion
- > Range definition & formula
- ➤ Merits of Range
- Demerits of Range
- > Suggested Readings & References



Measure of Dispersion

Range

The difference between largest value and smallest value is called Range of observations.

Range = Largest value - smallest value

Range =
$$L - S$$

Coefficient of range
$$=\frac{L-S}{L+S}$$

Measure of Dispersion

Properties of Range

Merits or Advantages of Range:

- Range is easy to understand.
- ☐ Range is easy to calculate.
- ☐ Range is easily determined by inspection.
- ☐ Its calculation is based on only two extreme values.
- ☐ It is very useful in quality control in big industries such as food industry, medicine industry, etc.

Measure of Dispersion

Demerits or Disadvantages of Range:

- o Range is not depends on all the observations because it is focus on only two values.
- o Range is not capable for further mathematical calculations.
- It is very much affected by fluctuation of sampling.
- o It does not give any idea of shape of the data set.
- o It is not practical measure of measure of dispersion.

Suggested Readings & References

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- 1) Statistical Methods: P.N. Arora, Sumeet Arora & S. Arora; S. Chand & Company Ltd.
- 2) Fundamental of Mathematical Statistics: S.C. Gupta & V. Kapoor; Sultan Chand & Sons.
- 3) Statistics: M.R. Spiegel; Schaum's Outline Series, Mc-Graw Hill Publication.
- 4) Advanced Engineering Mathematics: Erwin Kreyszig; John Wiley & Sons Inc.
- 5) Elements of Statistics: J.P. Chauhan & S. Kumar; Krishna Publication.

